

a clear focus on present transformations, the contributions to Section V provide a description and discussion of the problems, structures, actors, and courses of transformations within different spheres of (civil) society, politics, law, and economics. Finally, brief lexicographic entries in Section VI delineate research perspectives about relevant issues of societal transformation. Each of the 79 contributions contains a concise list of the most important research literature.

Agriculture in China's Modern Economic Development Nicholas R. Lardy 1983-12-30 Explores the relationship between the Chinese peasantry and the state-led economic system established by the Party after 1949.

The Chinese Labyrinth Baogang Guo 2012 The Chinese Labyrinth is a multifaceted survey of the Chinese developmental model based on theoretical and empirical evidence combined with in-depth analyses of unique political and social innovations or system of governance at various levels. This book is also a provocative study of the model derived from the Chinese experience to the conventional theory of political development.

The Uniqueness of China's Development Model 1848-2014 Wah Yip 2012-07-25 The book discusses the development model of China which has now overtaken Japan as the world's second largest economy. This remarkable economic achievement has not followed the Western world's favorite developmental tools — of freedom and a market driven economy, but rather China's unique model — of one-party authoritarian rule with a mixed economy. The Middle Kingdom's way of development largely questioned the West's core values — freedom and democracy. The book argues that the model is based on the country's 3,000-year-old civilization, forged through innovations, trial and error process of several recent generations, and guided by the Chinese Communist Party in the past 60 years. Sample Chapter(s) Chapter 1: Understanding the China Model (119 KB) Contents: Understanding the China Model Perspectives on the China Model A Comprehensive Discussion on the China Model A Comprehensive Discussion on the China Model (2) The Social Structure of the China Model The Economic Structure of the China Model Political Structure of the China Model The Future of the China Model and Its Impact Readership: Undergraduates, graduates, researchers and general public who are interested in China's development model such as China's social structure, economic structure and political structure etc. Keywords: China Model; China's Development Path; China's Future; China's Rise; China's US Relations; China And The West; China's Challenges; International Relations Key Features: The book looks at some key issues of China's development model whose outcome will come to determine the world's future in the next millennium. The author has a unique and long-term perspective of China's development. Since in pro-Communist activities in Hong Kong in high school years in the 1950s, the author has witnessed various stages of China's development, often with personal experience in business, social and in political affairs in the Mainland, Hong Kong and Taiwan. Thus he has gained intimate knowledge about various aspects of China in the form of numerous anecdotes and insights presented in this book.

The History and Logic of Modern Chinese Politics Mingsheng Wang 2021-08-24 This book explores the history and development of modern Chinese politics. Written by Mingsheng Wang, a renowned Chinese political scientist, it presents a truly groundbreaking and thought-provoking study of the sociopolitical forces behind China's emergence as a new global power in the 20th century and its rapid rise as the world's second-largest economy over the past 40 years. The author's argument, a comparative theoretical analyses based on meticulously detailed empirical research, functions as a lens through which readers can better understand China's remarkable accomplishments as well as consider broader issues that have perplexed many: Is there a China Path to sociopolitical progress? What is "socialism with Chinese characteristics"? Can China redefine its niche and maintain its growing momentum in an increasingly multilateral world? And finally, what lessons can we draw from China's continuing progress in the post-COVID era? As the author argues eloquently and with persuasive evidence, China's ongoing progress has followed neither the path of Russian-style socialism nor that of Western prototypical capitalism. Rather, it represents a distinctively different model of progress and a continuous search for an alternative route to modernity that is permeated with Chinese realities. By identifying an alternative system described as the "China Path," the author demonstrates convincingly that there exist ample options for different types of modernity and that economic growth means not only industrialization, but also the development of democracy and the realization of the rule of law. In this sense, this book significantly enriches our understanding of modern China. The 33 carefully selected chapters in the anthology provide a much-needed opportunity for scholars, policy makers and all interested readers to obtain an insider's view of the history and prospect of China's political development.

China Transformed R. Bin Wong 2018-10-18 The assumption still made in much social science research that Europe provides a universal model of development is fundamentally mistaken, according to R. Bin Wong. The solution is not, however, simply to reject Eurocentric norms but to build complementary perspectives, such as the Sinocentric one, to evaluate current understandings of European developments. A genuinely comparative perspective, he argues, will free China from wrong expectations and will allow those working on European problems to recognize the distinct character of Western development.

The China Wave Weiwei Zhang 2012-03-21 This is a best-seller in China and a geopolitical book for our times. As a leading thinker from China, Zhang Weiwei provides an original, comprehensive and engrossing study on the rise of China and its effective yet controversial model of development, and the book has become a centerpiece of an unfolding debate within China on the nature and future of the world's most populous nation and its possible global impact. China's rise, according to Zhang, is not an ordinary country, but the rise of a different type of country, a country sui generis, a civilizational state, a new model of development and a new political discourse. It indeed questions many of the Western assumptions about democracy, good governance and human rights. The book is as analytical as it is provocative, and should be a must-reading for everyone concerned with the rise of China and its global implications. Contents: Not Misreading Oneself: A Fast-Changing World The Unusual Ascent Since 1978: Japan The GDP Paradox To the Top China's 1+1 > 2: The "Quasi-Developed Countries" within China The Size of China's Middle Class The "Emerging Economies" within China Why China's 1 + 1 > 2? The Rise of a Civilizational State: China's Rocky Path towards a Nation-State The Rise of a Civilizational State A New Perspective Looking at China Afresh The Rise of a Development Model: Reflections after the Crises The China Model May Win Out Shaping the Chinese Standards The Rise of a New Political Discourse: Political Reform, the Chinese Way Debating Human Rights The Rise of a New Political Discourse The End of the End of History: The Western Model: From the East to the West Eastern Europe The Western Model: East Asia and Beyond Debating with Fukuyama: The End of the End of History Readership: Researchers, policy-makers, general public interested in the rise of China, its model of development and its global impact. Keywords: Civilizational State; Rise of China; Development Model; New Political Discourse; Global Impact; Nation State; National Structure; Democracy; Good Governance; Modern State Key Features: It's a best-seller in China with more than half-million copies sold and is a centerpiece of unfolding debate within China on the nature and future of the country. It provides an original, comprehensive and engrossing study on the rise of China, its model of development and political discourse. Its main arguments are widely shared by China's political elite today and perhaps tomorrow. Reviews: "The most popular books on sale in China at the moment is on the rise of a civilizational state, by Zhang Weiwei. Mr Zhang argues that China is unique as 'the world's first amalgam of an ancient civilization and a huge modern state', and is 'increasingly returning to its own roots for inspiration, and producing its own norms and standards.'" The Economist: Nothing New under Heaven "As China feels its own economic and political strength in the world, it is natural that its own intellectuals want to explain China's progress theoretically, first to themselves, then to the world. Prof. Zhang's book has been well regarded within China, making a major contribution to the internal debate on China's future. By translating his book into English, Prof. Zhang adds to the world's understanding of China's development and what this means for the world. China's astonishing re-emergence on the global stage has thrown into confusion traditional western-dominated theories of modernization, in Prof. Zhang's words, putting 'an end to the End of Civilization.'" George Yeo Former Foreign Minister of Singapore "The China Wave: Rise of a Civilizational State is the geopolitical book for our times. It frames the rise of China, which is the big story of the 21st Century, with a bold and novel theory that challenges conventional wisdom of nationalism, democracy, and what constitutes good governance. At a time when American exceptionalism is on the wane, are we ready for Chinese exceptionalism on the rise? Zhang Weiwei, whose energetic vision resonates well among Chinese future leaders, makes a compelling case. His arguments and insights, as analytical and passionate as they are confrontational and controversial, should be required reading for everyone concerned about China. Ignore this book and you will not understand how China's leadership will think." Robert Lawrence Kuhn Author, How China's Leaders Think "The rise of China is the biggest story of our time and the best story-tellers of our time come from the West. This has led to a huge global paradox where the best story-tellers have failed to understand the biggest story of our time. This is why the world urgently needs Chinese story-tellers to provide the Chinese perspective. Prof. Zhang has done the world a huge favor by coming out with this timely and interesting new perspective on the rise of China." Kishore Mahbubani Dean, Lee Kuan Yew School of Public Policy, National University of Singapore Author, The New Asian Hemisphere: The Irresistible Pull of Power to the East One of the "Top 100 Global Thinkers" in 2010 and 2011 by Foreign Policy Magazine "Few scholars from the mainland are as urbane, connected and savvy as Zhang Weiwei ... The book's central idea is that China is different from other nation states. There is some merit to this. Unlike the politically diffuse civi- lizations of Europe, the Middle East and the Indian subcontinent, China has managed to establish political unity over most of its territory." South China Morning Post "Mr Xi Jinping's rise to power also said to have read The China Wave by Zhang Weiwei, a professor at Fudan University in Shanghai and the Geneva School of Public Diplomacy and International Relations. That book offers a vigorous summary of the 'China model' theory, which holds that China can successfully meld authoritarian government with a capitalist economy. (Section titles include 'The China Model May Win Out' and 'Political Reform, the Chinese Way'). It depicts China's rise as the rise of a civilization — something bigger than a nation." Didi Kirsten Tatlow The New York Times: The Risks of Taking China's Helm "It provides analytical and original interpretations of the Chinese model of economic and political development. Thus, the interesting and easy way in which the book deals with the topic allows anyone interested in the subject to gain a deeper understanding of the Chinese world and its possible global impact on future generations." Recent Publications "It presents a wealth of solid knowledge and insights on the evolution, patterns and practices of China's international outlook. Perhaps the greatest strength is the ability to draw historically grounded and

erudite analyses that will be welcomed by students, scholars and policymakers alike. It will benefit immensely those interested in the history, intellectual tradition, and strategic culture of China's international interactions. Zhang's endeavours will also be invaluable for the purposes of teaching and theorizing the ongoing transformation of global life as a result of China's increasing centrality in the patterns and practices of world affairs."Europe-Asia Studies

Going Beyond Aid Justin Yifu Lin 2016-12-31 Developing countries have for decades been trying to catch up with the industrialized high-income countries, but only a few have succeeded. Historically, structural transformation has been a powerful engine of growth and job creation. Traditional development aid is inadequate to address the bottlenecks for structural transformation, and is hence ineffective. In this book, Justin Yifu Lin and Yan Wang use the theoretical foundations of New Structural Economics to examine South-South development aid and cooperation from the angle of structural transformation. By studying the successful economic transformation of countries such as China and South Korea through 'multiple win' solutions based on comparative advantages and economy of scale, and by presenting new ideas and different perspectives from emerging market economies such as Brazil, India and other BRICS countries, they bring a new narrative to broaden the ongoing discussions of post-2015 development aid and cooperation as well as the definitions of aid and cooperation.

War and State Formation in Ancient China and Early Modern Europe Victor T. King 2005-07-04 The Eurocentric conventional wisdom holds that the West is unique in having a multi-state system in international relations and liberal democracy in state-society relations. At the same time, the Sinocentric perspective believes that China is destined to have authoritarian rule under a unified empire. In fact, China in the Spring and Autumn and Warring States periods (656-221 BC) was once a system of territorial states similar to Europe in the early modern period. Both cases witnessed the prevalence of war, formation of alliances, development of the centralization of power, emergence of citizenship rights, and expansion of international trade. This book, first published in 2005, examines why China and Europe shared similar processes and experienced opposite outcomes. This historical comparison of China and Europe challenges the presumption that Europe was destined to enjoy checks and balances while China was preordained to suffer under a coercive universal status.

China's Economic Reform Zhang Yu 2017-10-12 China's growth miracle over the past 30 years has propelled it to become the world's second largest economy and potentially the largest in the following years. This book examines China's experience on economic reform, trying to find the reasons for the sustainable and rapid development and provide insights into the study of economic theories. From the perspective of political economics, this book elaborates on China's socialist market economy which was officially confirmed as the goal of the country's economic reform in 1992. It expounds on China's economic model, the relationship between socialist market economy, as well as the establishment and improvement of socialist market economy in China, deepening the studies in the laws governing China's economic development. Then, it explores the gradual reform, the reform of state-owned enterprises, and the relationship between governments and market, all of which are crucial to the success of China's economic reform. Finally, based on the analysis above, this book discusses the reasons for the constant and rapid development of China's economy. With a detailed analysis on the reform experience and theoretical implications, this book will appeal to scholars and students studying China's economy, and contribute to the development of economic theories.

The China Model and Global Political Economy Ming Wan 2014-01-10 Since the beginning of China's phenomenal rise in the international system, our knowledge of the country has grown rapidly. But those who have debated the China issue in policy circles mostly focus on the implications of China's rise, often without a firm understanding of why the country is rising in the first place. Using an analytical framework which links China's domestic political economy order and the global system, this book helps us understand China's rise and the China model more clearly. Indeed, unlike most other works that study the China model as a domestic political economy issue, this book takes an explicit international comparative perspective, comparing the Chinese model to others, such as the Washington Consensus and the Japan model. This comparison helps us break down different components of the China model, and to show that while the Chinese Communist Party leadership part of the model is unique, other components such as export-led growth strategy or packaged aid programs are not. By focusing on the root cause of China's rise - namely the loop between the evolving China model and the evolving global governance structure - this book reveals the degree of compatibility between the country's profit-driven domestic political economy system and the global economic order, and in turn how and why China has been able to rise in the global system. The China Model and Global Political Economy makes a key contribution to the theories of international relations, state development and modernization, and as such will appeal to students and scholars of Chinese politics, Chinese foreign policy and international political economy, development studies and international relations.

Powered by Wellesley Jin Lan McCann 2017-06-30 This Memoir Is: A Small Window into China's Soul By Jin Lan McCann, a willowy Chinese woman who refuses to bow down to tyrannies and determined to make a difference to the world.

Vietnam and the Chinese Model Alexander Woodside 1988 Here is the first real comparison of the civil governments of two traditional East Asian societies on an institutional basis. Woodside examines in detail the surviving statutes of both societies in his political and cultural study, a pioneering venture in East Asian comparative history.

China into Its Second Rise

How Reform Worked in China Yingyi Qian 2017-11-24 A noted Chinese economist examines the mechanisms behind China's economic reforms, arguing that universal principles and specific implementations are equally important. As China has transformed itself from a centrally planned economy to a market economy, economists need to understand and interpret the success of Chinese reform. As the Chinese economist Yingyi Qian explains, there are two schools of thought on Chinese reform: the "School of Universal Principles," which ascribes China's successful reform to the workings of the free market, and the "School of Chinese Characteristics," which holds that reform is successful precisely because it did not follow the economics of the market but instead relied on the government. In this book, Qian offers a third perspective: certain elements from each school of thought but emphasizing not why reform worked but how it did. Economics is a science, but economic reform is applied social engineering. To a practitioner, it is more useful to find a feasible reform path than the theoretically best way. The key to understanding how reform has worked in China, argues, is to consider the way reform designs respond to initial historical conditions and contemporary constraints. Qian examines the role of "transitional institutions" but "incentive-compatible institutions"—in Chinese reform: the dual-track approach to market liberalization; the ownership of firms, both theoretically and empirically; government decentralization, offering and testing hypotheses about its link to local economic development; and the specific historical context of China's regional-based central planning.

China 2049 David Dollar 2020-06-09 How will China reform its economy as it aspires to become the next economic superpower? It's clear that China is the world's next economic superpower. But what isn't so clear is how China will get there by the middle of this century. It now faces tremendous challenges such as fostering innovation, dealing with ageing problem and coping with a less accommodative global environment. In this book, economists from China's leading university and America's best think tank offer in depth analyses of these challenges. Does China have enough talent and right policy and institutional mix to transit from input-driven to innovation-driven economy? What does ageing mean, in terms of labor supply, consumption demand and social welfare expenditure? Can China contain the environmental and climate risks? How should the financial system be transformed in order to continuously support economic growth and keep financial risks under control? What fiscal reforms are required in order to balance between economic efficiency and social harmony? What roles should the state-owned enterprises play in the future Chinese economic development, how will technological competition between the United States and China affect each country's development? Will the Chinese yuan emerge as a major global currency, and would this destabilize the international financial system? What will be China's role in the international economic institutions? And will the United States and other established powers accept a growing role for China and the rest of the developing world in the governance of global institutions such as the World Trade Organization and the International Monetary Fund, or will the world devolve into competing blocs? This book provides unique insights into independent analyses and policy recommendations by a group of top Chinese and American scholars. Whether China succeeds or fails in economic reform will have a large impact, not just on China's development, but also on stability and prosperity for the whole world.

The Transformation of Chinese Socialism Osborn Lin 2006 A significant contribution to both political theory and China studies, this volume provides a critical assessment of the past and future Chinese socialism.

Developmental Fairy Tales Andrew F. Jones 2011-05-02 In 1992 Deng Xiaoping famously declared, "Development is the only hard imperative." What ensued was the transformation of China from a socialist state to a capitalist market economy. The spirit of development has since become the prevailing creed of the People's Republic of China, helping to bring about unprecedented modern prosperity, but also creating new forms of poverty, staggering social upheaval, physical dislocation, and environmental destruction. In *Developmental Fairy Tales*, Andrew Jones asserts that the groundwork for this recent transformation was laid in the late nineteenth century, with a translation of the evolutionary works of Lamarck, Darwin, and Spencer into Chinese letters. He traces the ways that the evolutionary narrative itself evolved into vernacular knowledge which dissolved the boundaries between beast and man and reframed childhood development as a recapitulation of civilizational ascent, that a beleaguered China might struggle for existence and claim a place in the modern world-system. This narrative left an indelible imprint on China's literature and media, from children's primers to print culture, from fairy tales to filmmaking. Jones's analysis offers an innovative and interdisciplinary angle of vision on China's evolution. He focuses especially on China's foremost modern writer and public intellectual, Lu Xun, in whose work the fierce contradictions of his generation's developmentalist aspirations became the stuff of pedagogical parable. *Developmental Fairy Tales* revises our understanding of literature's role in the making of modern China.

by revising our understanding of developmentalism's role in modern Chinese literature.

Modernisation of Chinese Culture [Dara S. Rošker](#) 2014-09-26 The editors are grateful to the Chiang Ching-kuo Foundation for its generous support of their research, which enabled them to publish the present book. The present book carefully maps the Chinese modernisation discourse, highlighting its relationship to other, similar discourses, and situating it within historical and theoretical contexts. In contrast to the majority of recent discussions of a "Chinese development model" that focus more on institutional than cultural factors, and are more narrowly concerned with economic matters than overall social development, the book offers several important points for many presently overlooked issues and dilemmas. The multifaceted perspectives contained in this anthology are not limited to economic, social, and ecological but also include political and social functions of ideologies and cultural conditioned values, representing the axial epistemological grounds of modern Chinese society as the 100th anniversary of the Xinhai Revolution. The centennial is relevant not only in terms of state ideology, but also plays a significant role within academia and into Chinese society and culture. This historic turning point likewise represents the symbolic and concrete linkages and tensions between tradition and modernity and conservatism, traditional values and the demands for adjustment to contemporary societies. The book shows that Chinese transition from tradition to modernity is understood in a framework of a unified general model of society, but rather through a more complex insight into the interrelations among elements of physical and social structure, philosophy, history, and culture.

Powered by Wellesley [Niwgrange](#) Press 2017-06-30 This book tells the story of Jin Lan McCann, a Chinese woman who experienced China's Cultural Revolution, economic reform and the rapid economic development, then immigrated to the United States. Without a college education, she became one of the first millionaires but spent her wealth saving her ex-boyfriend from a sentence of death. After marrying an American lawyer and receiving an economics degree from Wellesley College, she started a blog on sina.com, developed 8 years and had over 100,000 readers, received its own death penalty when shut down by the Chinese government. She then realized that she had never been truly free, she could not know she was a chained slave because everyone in that society was brainwashed since birth, and that process never stops. She spent 5 years to study the modern Chinese history and the society, try to unravel the myths of the modern Chinese history and the so-called Chinese model of development, also offered her views of the western democracy and believes it will require enormous efforts to withstand the challenges of losing its world leadership position.

China Ross [Garnaut](#) 2013-07-01 The Chinese economy is undergoing profound change in policy and structure. The change is necessary to increase the value of the Chinese community, and to sustain growth into the future. The changes are so comprehensive and profound that they represent a new model of Chinese economic development. This book describes the replacement of an old uninhibited investment expansion model of growth, by transition to modern economic growth and provides insight into the changes and where they are likely to lead. These include requirements for building the new institutions including its public finances for future growth, adjustment of savings, industry and agriculture, changes in its demographic structure, business environment, and pattern of rural-urban migration, prospects for 'green growth' policy trilemma and the climate change mitigation strategy, and changes for China's interaction with the international economy through its overseas investment in high tech products. China's adoption of a new model of economic growth is of immense importance to people in China and everywhere. This book is an early attempt at a close look at many of the features of the new model.

The Uniqueness of China's Development Model, [1842-2019](#) [Yip](#) 2012 The book discusses the development model of China which has now overtaken Japan as the world's second largest economy. This remarkable economic achievement has not followed the Western world's favorite developmental tools — of freedom, democracy and market driven economy, but rather China's unique model — of one-party authoritarian rule with a mixed economy. The Middle Kingdom's way of development has long questioned the West's core values — freedom and democracy. The book argues that the model is based on the country's 3,000-year-old civilization, forged by thousands of innovations, trial and error process of several recent generations, and guided by the Chinese Communist Party in the past 60 years.

The China Model [Daniel A. Bell](#) 2016-08-23 How China's political model could prove to be a viable alternative to Western democracy. Westerners tend to divide the world into "good" democracies and "bad" authoritarian regimes. But the Chinese political model does not fit neatly in either category. Over the past three decades, China has evolved a political system that can best be described as "political meritocracy." The China Model seeks to understand the ideals and the reality of this unique political system. How do the ideals of political meritocracy set the standard for evaluating political progress (and regress) in China? How can China avoid the disadvantages of political meritocracy? And how can political meritocracy best be combined with democracy? Daniel Bell answers these questions and more. Opening with a critique of "one man one vote" as a way of choosing top leaders, Bell argues that Chinese-style political meritocracy can help to remedy the key flaws of electoral democracy. He discusses the advantages and pitfalls of political meritocracy, distinguishes between different ways of combining meritocracy and democracy, and argues that China has evolved a democratic meritocracy that is morally desirable and politically stable. Bell summarizes and evaluates the "China model"—meritocracy at the top, experimentation in the middle, and democracy at the bottom—and its implications for the rest of the world. A timely and original book that will stir up interest and debate, *The China Model* is a political system that not only has had a long history in China, but could prove to be the most important political development of the twenty-first century.

How China Became Capitalist [Robert Coase](#) 2016-04-30 *How China Became Capitalist* details the extraordinary, and often unanticipated, journey that China has taken over the past thirty five years in transforming itself from a closed agrarian socialist economy to an indomitable economic force in the international arena. The authors re-examine and debate around the rise of the Chinese economy through the use of primary sources, persuasively arguing that the reforms implemented by the Chinese leaders represent a concerted attempt to create a capitalist economy, and that it was 'marginal revolutions' that introduced the market and entrepreneurship back to China from the West were guided by the traditional Chinese principle of 'seeking truth from facts'. By turning to capitalism, China re-embraced her own cultural roots. *Became Capitalist* challenges received wisdom about the future of the Chinese economy, warning that while China has enormous potential for further growth, threatened by the government's monopoly of ideas and power. Coase and Wang argue that the development of a market for ideas which has a long and revered tradition would be integral in bringing about the Chinese dream of social harmony.

The Origins of Political Order [Francis Fukuyama](#) 2011-05-12 Nations are not trapped by their pasts, but events that happened hundreds or even thousands of years ago continue to exert huge influence on present-day politics. If we are to understand the politics that we now take for granted, we need to understand its origins. Francis Fukuyama examines the paths that different societies have taken to reach their current forms of political order. This book starts with the very beginning of mankind and comes right up to the eve of the French and American revolutions, spanning such diverse disciplines as economics, anthropology and geography. *The Origins of Political Order* is a magisterial study on the emergence of mankind as a political animal, by one of the most eminent political thinkers writing today.

China's Economic Reform and Development during the 13th Five-Year Plan [Liang](#) 2020-09-24 "Five-Year Plans" have been a cornerstone of Chinese social and economic development initiatives since 1953. During the thirteenth of these periods between 2016 and 2020, the global economy has experienced instability and economic crisis, as well as political and economic reconfiguration. Drawing on modern economic theory, this book comprehensively discusses China's economic development in its crucial phase. The book analyzes the international economic environment, and asks how China's continued reform and opening-up can fit with the new era of economic globalization. It also presents the difficulties China faces in such fields as urbanization, the coordination of regional development and urban-rural integration, ecological reform, and the reform of factor markets and state-owned enterprises. The book outlines many medium-term development rules along with key characteristics of the new economy, helping international readers fully understand likely future trajectories for the Chinese economy.

The Chinese Model of Modern Development [Mianyu Cao](#) 2005-08-12 This study examines the Chinese model of modern development, reflecting on the historical experience of China's reform and highlighting theoretical issues that are crucial for understanding the reform in its historical and global contexts. Bringing together articles by leading scholars, including designers of and active participants in the reform, opinion setters in the current debates on the nature and future of the reform, and Western scholars whose ideas have had great impact on Chinese intellectuals, the book considers the goals of China's reforms and the ways in which these goals may be achieved. It addresses urgent issues now facing China, and globalization and its impact on China.

2050 China [Angang Hu](#) 2020-12-17 This book is open access under a CC BY-NC-ND 4.0 license. This book is arranged and developed around the theme of "2050 China" and analyzes the factors and advantages of the Chinese road to socialist modernization, explores and summarizes the development goal and the basic logic of the socialist modernization of China, and further shows the general basis of the primary stage of socialism. According to the report delivered at the 19th Party Congress, and the "two-stage" strategic plan, this book looks ahead in detail to the overarching objective and sub-objectives of essentially achieving socialist modernization by 2050. It discusses the building of a great modern socialist country in all respects from the perspective of the Party's six-sphere integrated plan of economic, political, cultural, ecological civilization, and national defense construction, and provides policy proposals. This book also analyzes the influence and the effect of the socialist modernization with Chinese characteristics on the world and it further presents the third centenary goal. In conclusion, this book is an elaboration of the work of the Institute of Contemporary China Studies, Tsinghua University. It reflects the intellectual innovation in the authors' research on contemporary China, as well as the authors' forecasts and predictions about China's future development.

Liberalism and Chinese Economic Development [Giles Campagnolo](#) 2016-04-28 Liberalism and Chinese Economic Development brings international contributors together to consider economic, political, social and legislative aspects of China's modernization. This volume explores how liberalism is received and perceived, and how it is adapted or adopted upon the basis of centuries of Chinese civilization and decades of capitalism. China's role in the global economy is an undeniable force. This book

examines both historical and contemporary dimensions surrounding the question of Chinese liberalism, exploring China's economic development in a comparative context. In particular, this text explores differences with the Western model, and more specifically, the relationship between Chinese economic thought and European trade. The text assesses China's economic development at both a macro and a micro level, and also considers its relationship with its neighbours. Campagnolo answers whether trade and capitalistic economic developments are long sustainable without other types of liberal developments? Or is the idea that political liberties and economic growth are just Western ideologies? This is a uniquely wide ranging book, suitable for scholars of the Chinese economy, the history of economic thought, economic philosophy, and international political economy.

Globalization and Localization Zhenglai Deng 2012 The aim of this book is to provide the international readership a collection of articles authored by Chinese scholars on the subject of globalization and localization. In a world where no country is an island isolated from others, globalization is bound to be contested, debated, and constructed at different levels across the international community. For this very reason, it is important to present this concept as developed, interpreted and discussed in the Chinese community. The scope of book is broad, ranging from theoretical reflection to more concrete opinions given by the Chinese academic community, and first-hand studies on globalization and localization. It includes eleven articles by leading Chinese scholars in the past decades.

the-chinese-model-of-modern-development

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